

MODEL PSE

Spring-loaded safety relief valves (PSE) with proportional opening characteristic



# **FEATURES**

- Forged block-body design or casted body.
- Lift is proportional to the pressure increase.
- Prevention of shattering for liquid (incompressible) media.
- Functional qualification proven within extensive test program.
- Self-aligning spring assembly.
- Bellow sealed design available.
- Valves can also be equipped with a qualified supplementary loading device (solenoid).
- References in many nuclear power plants of different reactor designs with excellent operational feedback.

### GENERAL APPLICATION

PSE spring-loaded safety relief valves are used specifically in liquid applications where a proportional characteristic is required. Above set pressure, these valves open steadily with increasing pressure ensuring only necessary capacity is relieved during opening. The design was developed for safety valves especially in degasser / condenser piping and is the preferred solution for liquid (incompressible) media in order to avoid shattering caused by Pipe Dynamics and pressure reflexions.

### **TECHNICAL DATA**

Size: DN 25 to DN 150

NPS 1 to 6 Up to PN 420

Pressure: Up to PN 420

Up to Class 2500

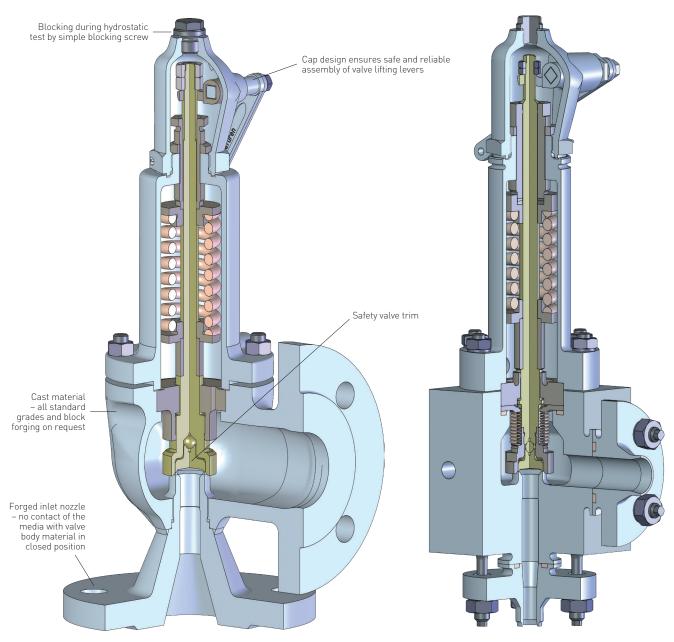
Material: Stainless steel or carbon steel

Qualification: VdTUV type tested References: Germany, Sweden

ences: Germany, Sweden, Finland,

Bulgaria, Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovakia, Russia,

Ukraine



Block-body design with bollows

#### **SEMPELL SAFETY VALVES**

Sempell valves are currently used in hundreds of chemical plants as well as in conventional power plants and in over 80 nuclear power plants.

Great importance is given to the development of safety valves at Sempell. To a large degree, this pioneering effort has been focused on meeting technical challenges and market demands. The result has been the development of safety valves which satisfy the safety regulations for nuclear power plants with large capacity as well as small modular reactors (SMR). Sempell supported the introduction of type-testing for safety valves in order to establish generally binding standards for quality, performance and safe operation. The development of modern safety valves has been Sempell's contribution in increasing the safety of nuclear power plants.

#### **DEFINITION OF OPENING CHARACTERISTIC**

A full-lift safety valve is a valve which, after reaching the set pressure (start of lift) and within a 5% overpressure rise, opens in pop action up to the full lift as limited by the design. The amount of lift up to the sudden opening (proportional range) must not exceed 20% of the total lift.

In contrast, a proportional safety valve is a valve which opens steadily in relation to the increase in pressure. No sudden opening occurs unless the overpressure exceeds 10%. After reaching the set pressure (start of lift) within an overpressure of up to 10%, these safety valves achieve the lift necessary for the mass flow to be diverted.

#### PROPORTIONAL SAFETY VALVES

Proportional safety valves open after the set pressure p is exceeded, until a state of equilibrium is achieved between the flow force and the spring force. The resultant lift is proportional to the pressure. The proportional safety valve functions as a regulator.

The proportional opening of a safety valve is a significant advantage with liquids, since the discharge mass flow is constantly and slowly changing.

The aim of the development work at Sempell was to design a genuine true proportional safety valve for incompressible media which had a reasonable aw discharge coefficient. The Sempell PSE proportional safety valve is the result of many years of extensive development work involving our in-house computer and laboratory tests.

With a discharge coefficient of aw = 0.30, a value design was developed for the protection of piping systems with liquid operational media. The proportional safety valve is a proven design and exhibits excellent partial-load behavior. Figure 2 shows the functional characteristics of a proportional safety valve with Do = 28 mm with operation media water. The opening and closing functions were measured on a test rig.

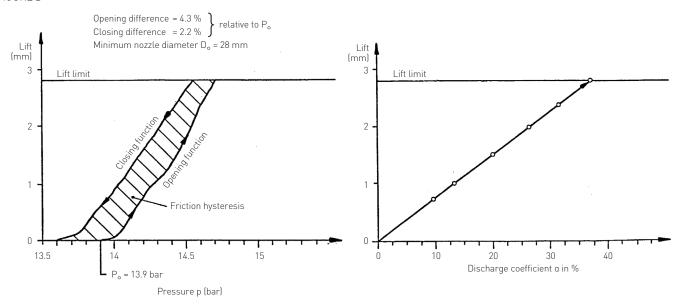


Figure 3 shows a testing set-up used to check the behavior of a proportional safety valve in water with and without air accumulation at the valve inlet. It was possible to simulate an enclosed, compressible medium with the stand- and fall pipe. In addition to pressures p0 to p2, it was also possible to measure and record the discharge mass flow by measuring the differential pressure p3.

The results shown (Figure 4) are reflecting a test conducted with water. When the fast-acting safety valve opens suddenly, a short-term pressure peak is caused, followed by a pressure drop down to the opening pressure p2.

After closing of the fast-acting safety valve, the pressure drops and equalizes. The lift is following the pressure curve without oscillation. Thus, the partial lift adjusts to the discharge mass flow.

It was confirmed by tests that the proportional safety valve does not chatter if compressible medium (air) is enclosed in the inlet-line. It is difficult to adjust a valve for both media conditions – gas and liquid. With the PSE proportional safety valve, we are able to prevent the valve chattering, even when relieving compressible enclosed media. The functional behavior stabilizes in a few splits of a second.

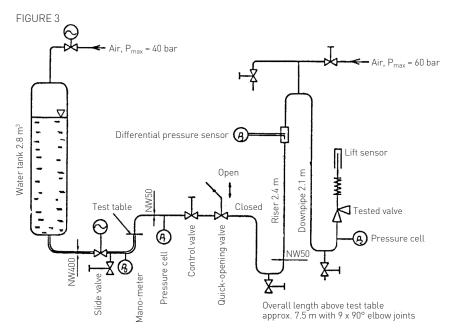


FIGURE 4

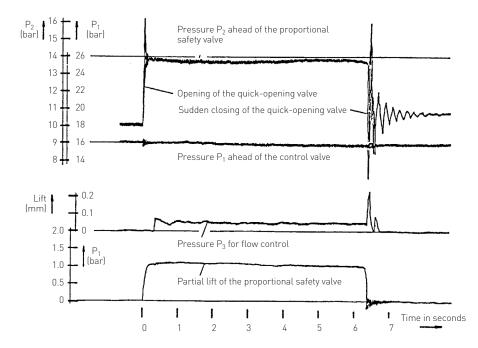
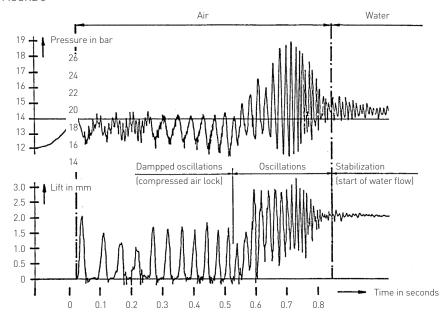


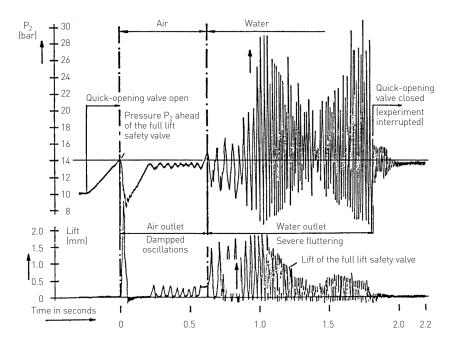
Figure 5 shows a functional test on a PSE proportional safety valve using water with an air accumulation at the valve inlet. In the first relief phase a damped oscillation can be observed here during the air discharge. This is followed by a brief period of oscillation during the discharge of the water-air mixture. As soon as the water is discharged, the function of the valve immediately stabilizes.

Figure 6 shows the same test set up for water with air accumulation at the valve inlet for a standard full-lift safety valve. While air is discharged, the valve operates normally; the damped oscillations are caused by the lack of discharge mass flow or by excessive pressure in the supply line. During the water phase, however, severe chattering of the valve occurs immediately.

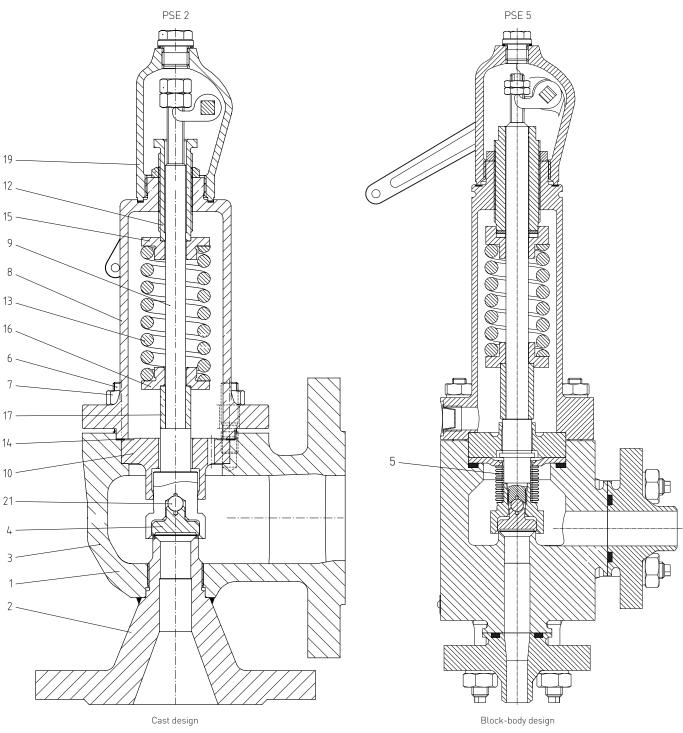
The two functional diagrams show that PSE proportional safety valves are suitable for protecting a vessel and pipeline system for liquids if the influence of compressible media in the supply lines must be considered. This is a common challenge, for example, in auxiliary circuits piping within nuclear plant. Vessel systems for liquid media can be protected by Sempell proportional safety valves as well. An appropriate discharge is ensured with a partial lift in transients requiring a small mass flow. However, large mass flows are also under control, for example in case larger isolation valve is inadvertently opened. We also recommend our dynamic dampener design to be considered for applications of safety valves with liquid operational media at which functional stability is a major concern. Please contact us for additional information on the range of dampeners if required.

#### FIGURE 5









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# **MATERIAL SPECIFICATION PSE 2**

# PARTS LIST

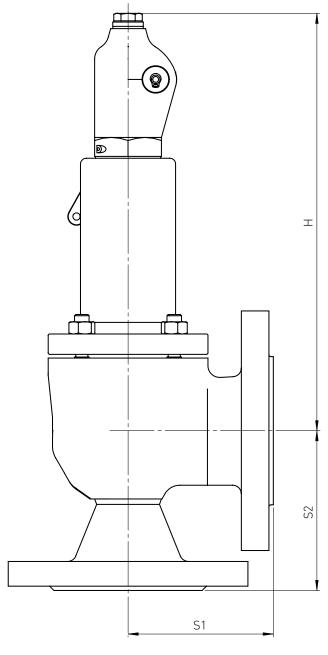
Tempe	erature range	-10 to 400°C	-10 to 400°C	-100 to 300°C		
Part	Name	22	29	26		
1	Body complete	div.	div.	div.		
2	Inlet nozzle	1.0460	1.0460	1.4301		
3	Upper body	1.0619	1.0619	1.4308		
4	Disc	1.4122	1.4122	1.4980		
6	Stud bolt	1.1181	1.1181	1.4301		
7	Hexagonal nut	1.1181	1.1181	1.4301		
8	Spring bonnet	1.0619	1.0619	1.4301		
9	Spindle	1.4021	1.4021	1.4580		
10	Cover	1.4122	1.4122	1.4301		
12	Adjusting screw	1.4021	1.4021	1.4021		
13	Spring	1.8159	1.8159	1.8158		
14	Gasket	graphite	graphite	graphite		
15	Spring plate	1.4021	1.4021	1.4301		
16	Spring plate	1.4021	1.4021	1.4301		
19	Cap complete	div.	div.	div.		
21	Ball	1.3541	1.3541	2.4819		

# **MATERIAL SPECIFICATION PSE 5**

# PARTS LIST

Tempe	rature range	-10 to 400°C	-10 to 400°C	-100 to 300°C
Part	Name	52	59	56
1	Body complete	1.4541	1.4541	1.4541
2	Inlet nozzle	1.0460	1.0460	1.4301
3	Upper body	1.0619	1.0619	1.4308
4	Disc	1.4122	1.4122	1.4980
5	Balanced bellows	1.4571	1.4571	1.4571
6	Stud bolt	1.7709	1.7709	1.7709
7	Hexagonal nut	1.7218	1.7218	1.7218
8	Spring bonnet	1.0460	1.0460	1.4301
9	Spindle	1.4021	1.4021	1.4580
10	Cover	1.4122	1.4122	1.4122
12	Adjusting screw	1.4021	1.4021	1.4021
13	Spring	1.8159	1.8159	1.8158
14	Gasket	graphite	graphite	graphite
15	Spring plate	1.4021	1.4021	1.4301
16	Spring plate	1.4021	1.4021	1.4021
17	Distance pipe	1.4021	1.4021	1.4021
19	Cap complete	div.	div.	div.
21	Ball	1.3541	1.3541	2.4819

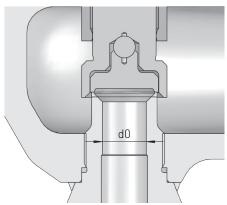
FIGURE 8



**TABLE 1 - DIMENSIONS** 

SKB	d0	aw
А	13.0	
С	18.0	
Е	24.5	
F	28.0	
G	33.0	
Н	38.0	
J	44.0	
K	51.0	0.3
L	59.0	
М	69.0	
Ν	80.0	
Р	93.0	
Q	107.0	
R	126.0	
T	175.0	

FIGURE 9



The seat identification SKB is assigned to a fixed smallest free cross-section under the disc, the do of the valve.

**TABLE 2 - DIMENSIONS** 

							Dimensions					
Inlet	SKB	Outlet	d0	aw	Opening	pressure	S1 Outlet flange		S2 Inlet flang	e	Н	Weight
DN		DN	mm		min. bar	max. bar	PN 40	PN 40	PN 64 - 160	PN 250 - 320		kg
15		15					95	90	95	100		
15	А	25	13.0		1	250	95	90	95	100		8
25		40					110	95	100	125	290	
25	0	25	18.0		1	105	95	95	100	125		9
25	C	40	18.0	0.3	I	125	110	70	100	125		9
40	_	40	27.5		1	140	125	115	105	1/0	340	25
40	E 50	50	50 24.5		I	315	145	115	125	160	475	25
50	0	50	22.0		1	100	145	145	1/0	100	375	20
50	G	60	33.0		224	185	145	160	180	500	28	

#### **ACCESSORIES**

#### A 153 Viscous damper

Vibrations of spring-loaded safety valves cannot always be removed by classical measures such as increase of the closing pressure difference or optimization of piping. This applies in particular to pipelines with liquids.

In recent years, several manufacturers developed damping facilities which act directly at the safety valves.

With the SN153 accessory, Sempell offers a type-tested viscous damper for the above-mentioned critical endangered by vibration e.g. due to pressure loss at the inlet, back pressure, oversized safety valve or installation behind a control.

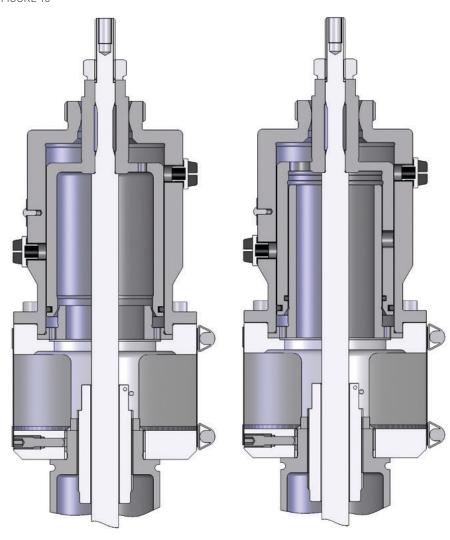
The damper is wear-free. By wetting the active surfaces with the viscous medium, all functional surfaces are simultaneously protected against corrosion. The viscous medium used by Sempell is resistant to temperatures from - 30°C to + 200°C.

**TABLE 3 - A 153 SIZES AND DESIGNS** 

Piston ø in mm	A 153 size	Possible columns			
50	05	single			
70	07	single			
		double			
140	14	single			
		double			
180	18	single			
		double			
200	20	single			
		double			

Sizing by our engineering-based request.

FIGURE 10

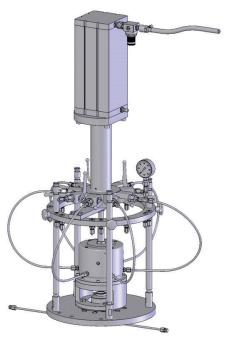


Single column design

Double column design

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### FIGURE 11



### A154 Filling device

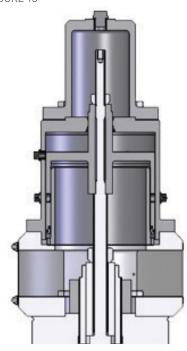
Proper filling of the damper is an essential condition for correct function. To obtain optimum filling, a filling device had been developed which is designed in such a manner that all damper sizes can be filled uniformly and free from air.

### FIGURE 12



# A155 Testing device

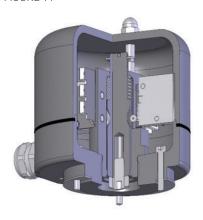
For measuring the damper, a testing device had been developed, thus ensuring a diagnostic of damper functionality. If during testing the damper has not reached required values, the damper must be disassembled, cleaned, refilled with viscous medium and reassembled.



SN 102 Cap without lifting device

### MODEL PSE

#### FIGURE 14



#### SN112 electric position indicator "closed-open"

Two switches for position indicator with two circuits each.

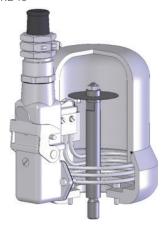
#### **SPDT** switch

Voltage Resistance up to 74 V = 1 Aup to 250 V ~ 1 A

Protection class: IP 40

Operating temperature: -20 °C to 85 °C

#### FIGURE 15



#### SN107X special position indicator

Qualified for safety related applications in nuclear power plants. Use in environment subjected to radiations and under thermodynamic accident conditions (LOCA).

#### SPDT switch

Voltage Resistance 24-48 V = 3 mA-2A 137 V = 0.5 A250 V ~ 2 A

Operating temperature: +5°C to +140°C

Radiations

1000 kGy (100 Mrad) (integrated dose): +185°C - 5 min / Accident conditions:

5.2 bars abs.

### SN 111 supplementary loading device

With the supplementary loading device the tightening forces are improved considerably. The additional supplementary seating force is supplied by a solenoid. This seating force is released by switching one of three pressure switches, when the set pressure is approached. The supplementary loading device is recommended, when the distance between set pressure and working pressure is less than 10 percent of the set pressure.

With the solenoid deenergized there is no mechanical connection between the spindle of the safety valve and the solenoid anker. This design ensures that in case of loss of power supply the safety valve acts like a purely spring loaded valve.

Control systems are available on request. The supplementary loading equals in the standard design 20 percent of the force arising from the set pressure and the sealing surface of the safety valve.

The value might be adapted to customer specification.

Solenoid voltage: 110 V =

220 V = 220 V ~

100% Working time: Protection: IP55 +90%C Max. ambient temp.:



#### **SELECTION GUIDE**

SELECTION GUIDE								
Example:		PSE 5	40	25	С	50	52	102
Valve type								
PSE 2								
PSE 5								
PN inlet								
PN 40	PN 160							
PN 64	PN 250							
PN 100	PN 320							
DN inlet								
DN 15	DN 40							
DN 25	DN 50							
Seat size SKB								
А	Е							
С	G							
DN outlet								
DN 15	DN 40							
DN 25	DN 50							
Material code								
22	52							
26	56							
29	59							
Accessories								
A153	SN107X							
A154	SN111							
A155	SN112							
SN102								

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